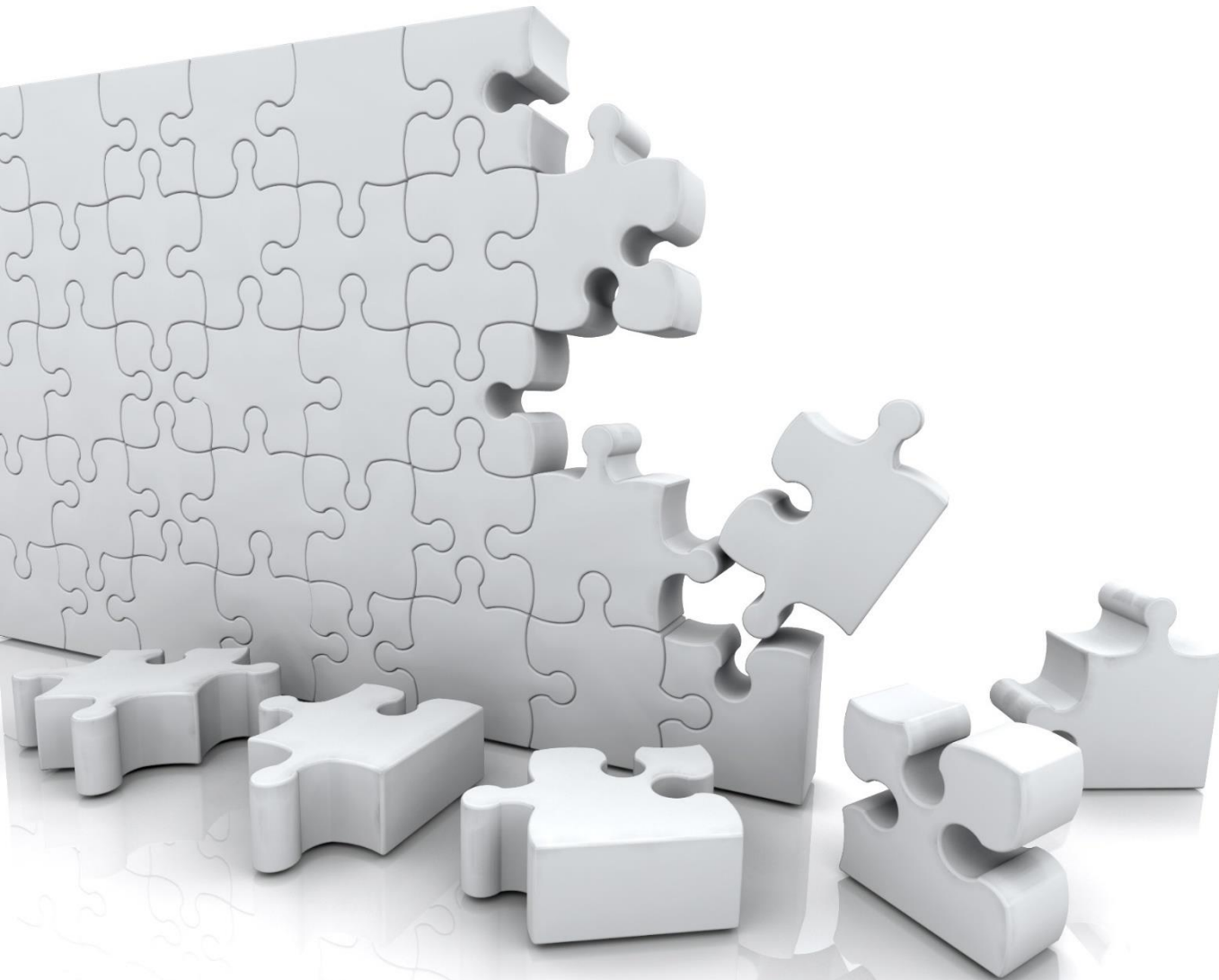


Parameterized Verification and Synthesis

Swen Jacobs

February 25th 2019

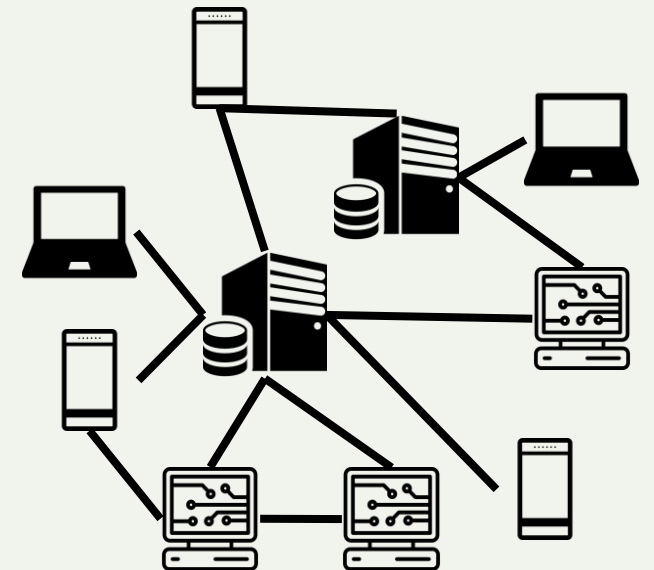
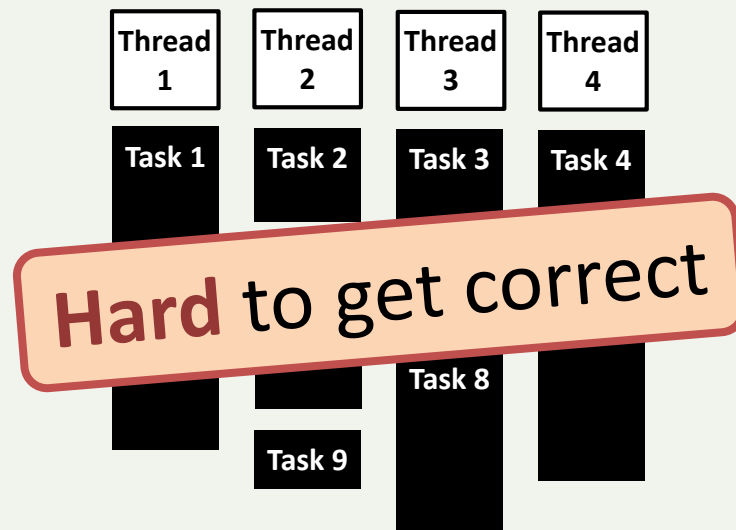
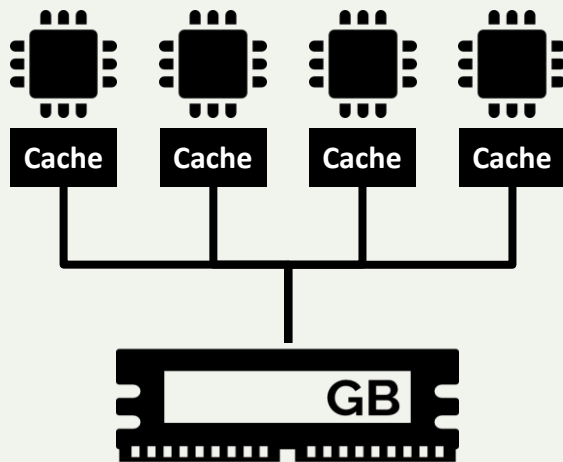
Scientific Talk
in the Habilitation Process



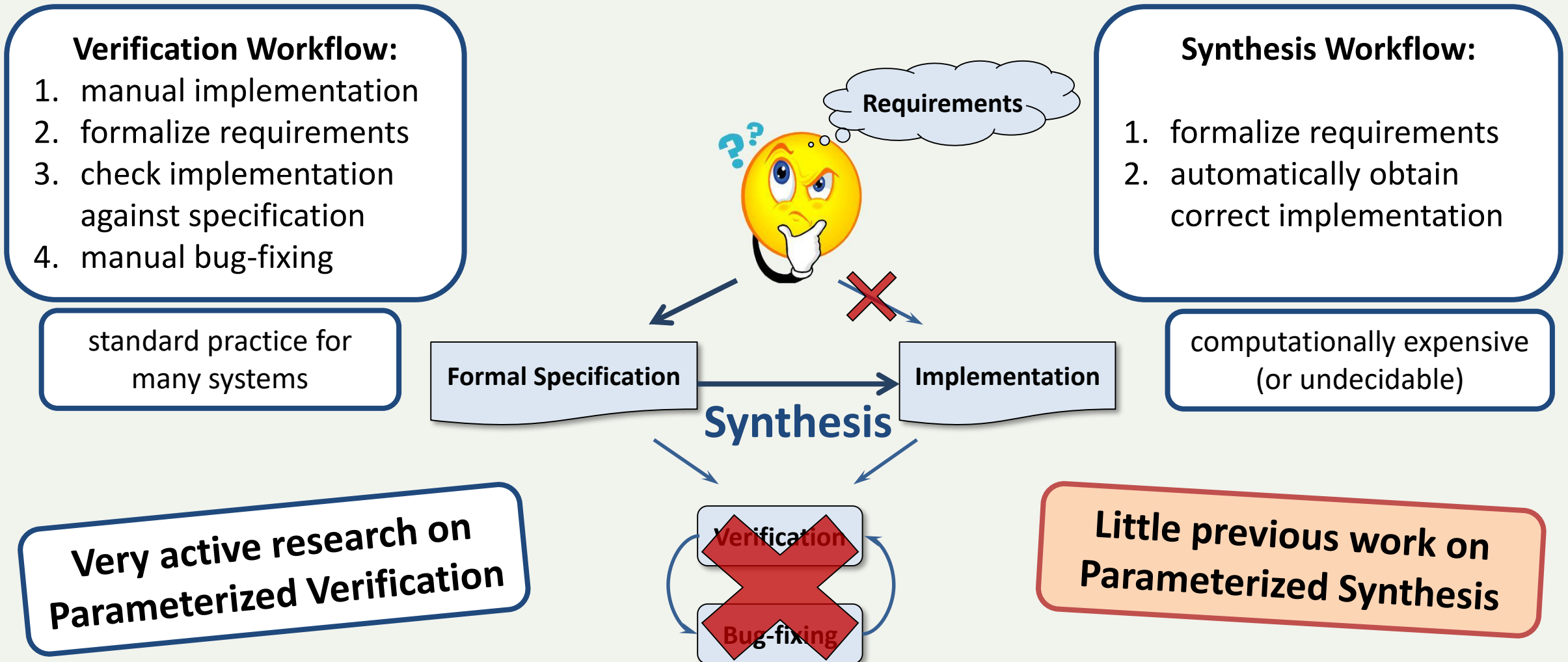
Problem: Correct Design of Parameterized Systems

Concurrent systems
are **everywhere**

Often: **parametric**
number of components



How to Get (Parameterized) Systems Right



Outline

- I. (Parameterized) Verification and Synthesis: State of the Art
- II. Parameterized Synthesis based on Cutoffs
- III. Cutoff Results for Verification and Synthesis

PARAMETERIZED VERIFICATION AND SYNTHESIS: STATE OF THE ART

(Parameterized) Verification: State of the Art (I)

For finite-state systems, we can decide verification problems:

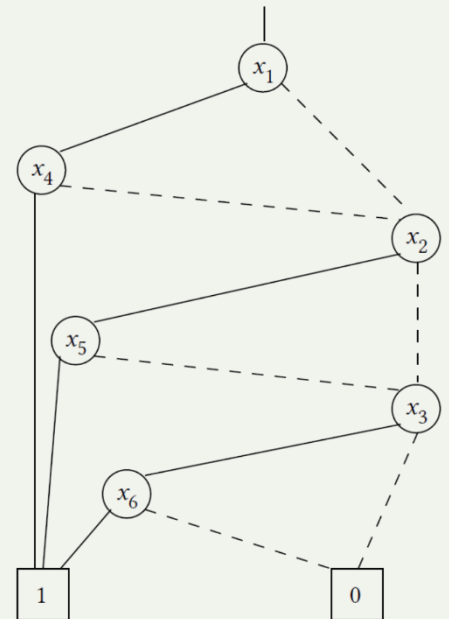
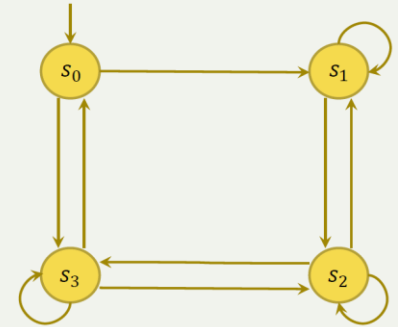
- Model Checking [EC80, QS82]

state space explosion:

explicit-state model checking fails for large state spaces

- Symbolic Model Checking [B+92, CVWY92]

symbolic representations allow us to handle systems with “ 10^{20} states and beyond”



$$\begin{aligned} & (x_1 \wedge x_4) \\ & \vee (x_2 \wedge x_5) \\ & \vee (x_3 \wedge x_6) \end{aligned}$$

(Parameterized) Verification: State of the Art (II)

For many applications, state space is not fixed, but depends on **parameters** such as

- the number of users/participants
- the size of data structures

Expectation: most errors manifest already in systems of „small“ size

Counterexample: cache coherence protocols correct with small number of participants [C+92], but exhibit errors for larger number [K+97]

need **formal argument** why correctness extends to systems of arbitrary size

(Parameterized) Verification: State of the Art (III)

Parameterized Verification is difficult:

Even if systems can be represented as compositions of finite-state components, simple safety properties can be undecidable [S88].

This led to research into

- restrictions that yield **decidable cases**
- **decidable approximations**
- **semi-decision procedures**

Reasoning about Systems with Many Processes

STEVEN M. GERMAN
GTE Laboratories, Inc., Waltham
AND
A. PRASAD SISTLA
University of Texas at Austin

Regular Model Checking

Ahmed Bouajjani¹, Bengt Jonsson², Marcus Nilsson^{*2}, and Tayssir Touili¹

*Reasoning about Rings**

E. Allen Emerson Kedar S. Namjoshi
Department of Computer Science
The University of Texas at Austin

Environment Abstraction for Parameterized Verification*

Edmund Clarke¹, Muralidhar Talupur¹, and Helmut Veith²

Dynamic Cutoff Detection in Parameterized Concurrent Programs*

Alexander Kaiser, Daniel Kroening, and Thomas Wahl
Oxford University Computing Laboratory, United Kingdom

(Parameterized) Synthesis: State of the Art

For finite-state systems, similar situation as in verification:

- finite-state **two-player game** yields implementations [BL69,PR89]
- **symbolic implementations** can solve problems of significant complexity [JB06]

Major difference:

Synthesis of distributed systems is **undecidable** in general [PR90,FS05]

Parameterized synthesis:

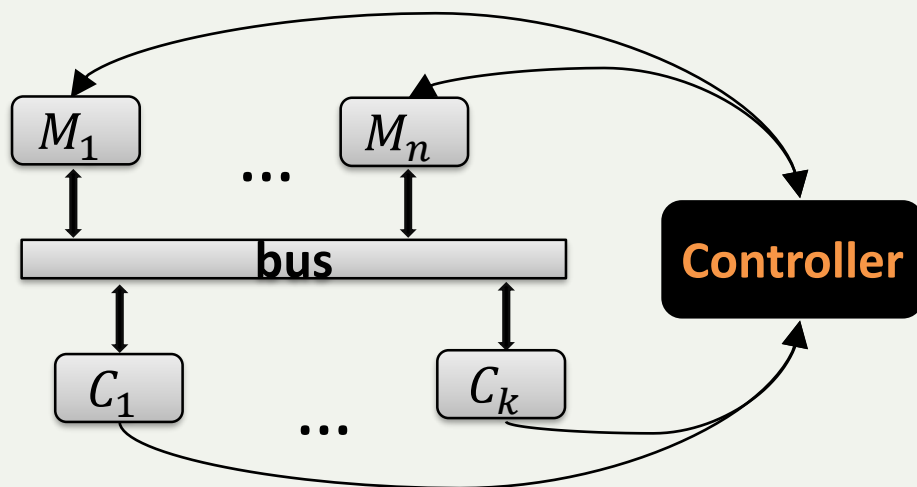
Emerson and Attie synthesize pairs of processes that can be generalized to parameterized systems [EA98] – restrictions on specifications, process implementations & system model make the problem decidable, but limit generality

PARAMETERIZED SYNTHESIS BASED ON CUTOFFS

Synthesis of AMBA Bus Controller

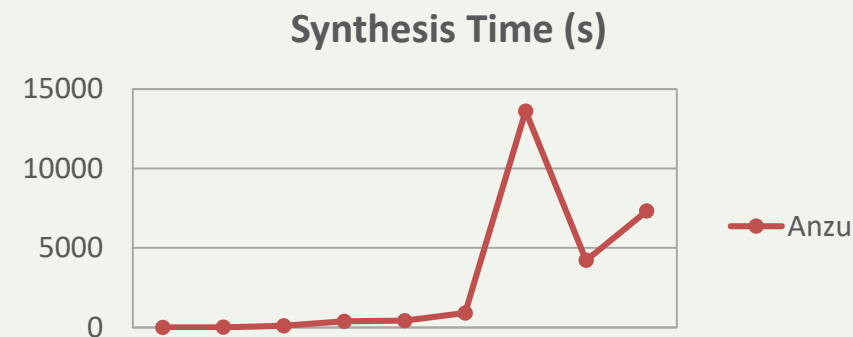
Industrial synthesis benchmark:

Synthesize bus controller with locked accesses, bursts, and other features from temporal logic specification

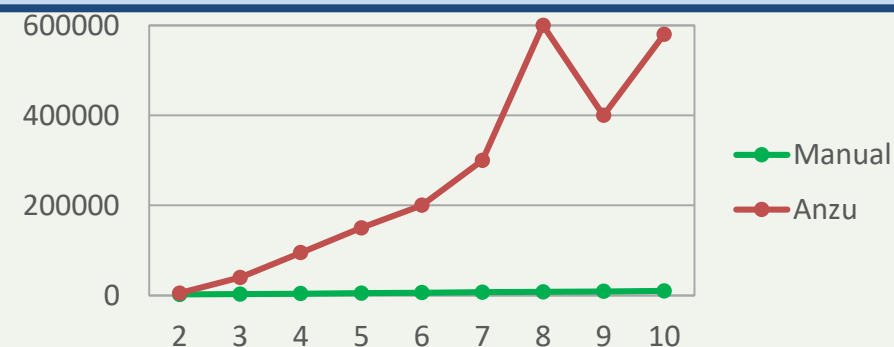


Parameterized in # of masters accessing the bus

Synthesis for increasing # of masters:



Can we avoid this explosion and solve the general case instead?



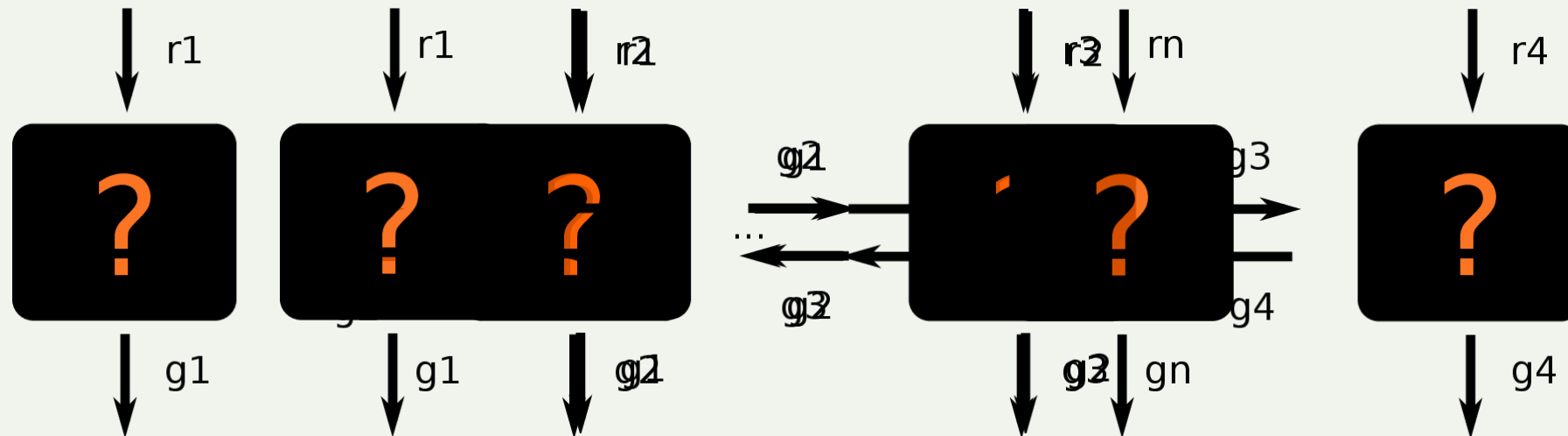
Idea: Synthesis of Replicable Building Blocks

Consider distributed arbiter with specification

Request-response: $\bigwedge_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}} \mathbf{G}(r_i \rightarrow \mathbf{F}g_i)$

Mutual exclusion: $\bigwedge_{i \neq j \in \{1, \dots, n\}} \mathbf{G} \neg(g_i \wedge g_j)$

To obtain systems that work for any n , we synthesize components that **act only on local information** and therefore **can be replicated**



How to ensure correctness for all sizes?

Synthesis Problems

Specification Language:

LTL

temporal operators **G**, **F**, **U**

propositional variables

& connectives

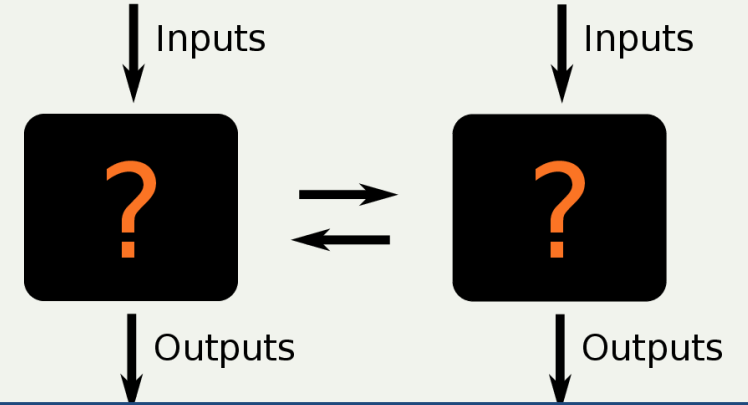
Parameterized case: indexed LTL\X

indexed variables p_i , index quantifiers $\forall i, \exists i$.

Implementation:

given as **labelled transition system (LTS)**

Architecture:



Parameterized architecture:

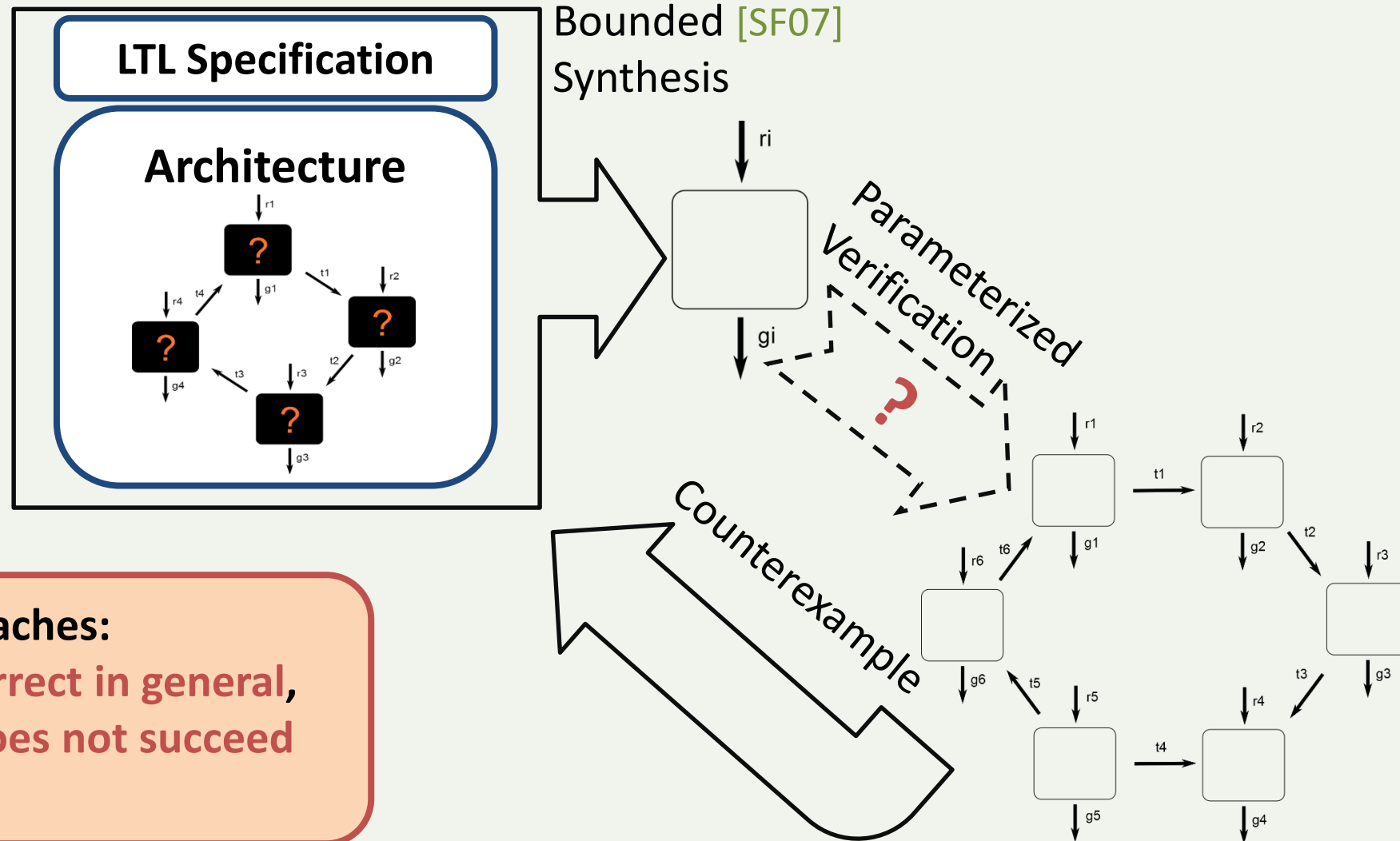
Sequence of architectures (of increasing size).

Parameterized Synthesis Problem:

Given: 1. indexed LTL Specification φ
2. parameterized Architecture A

Find: Implementation S with
 $S, A_n \models \varphi$ for all n

Parameterized Synthesis



Existing Approaches:

- Implementations **not correct in general**, or **param. verification does not succeed**
- Synthesis **does not scale**

Cutoffs for Parameterized Systems

Consider

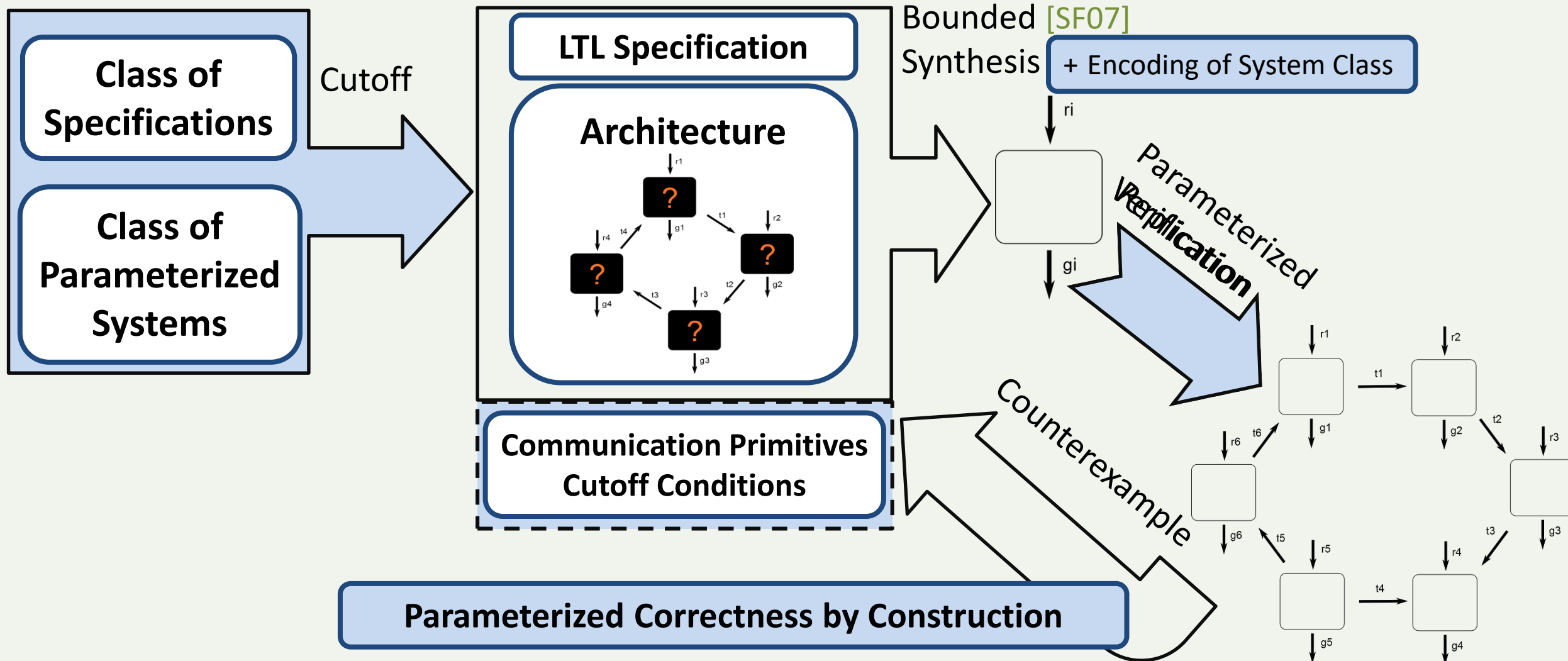
- a class \mathbf{P} of parameterized systems, defined by a parameterized architecture \mathbf{A} and additional restrictions on the process implementations,
- a class Φ of specifications, e.g. indexed LTL with fixed # of indices.

Cutoff:

A number $c \in \mathbb{N}$ is a **cutoff** for \mathbf{P} and Φ if for every specification $\varphi \in \Phi$ and every S from \mathbf{P} , the following holds:

$$\forall n \geq c: (S, \mathbf{A}_c \models \varphi \iff S, \mathbf{A}_n \models \varphi)$$

Parameterized Synthesis



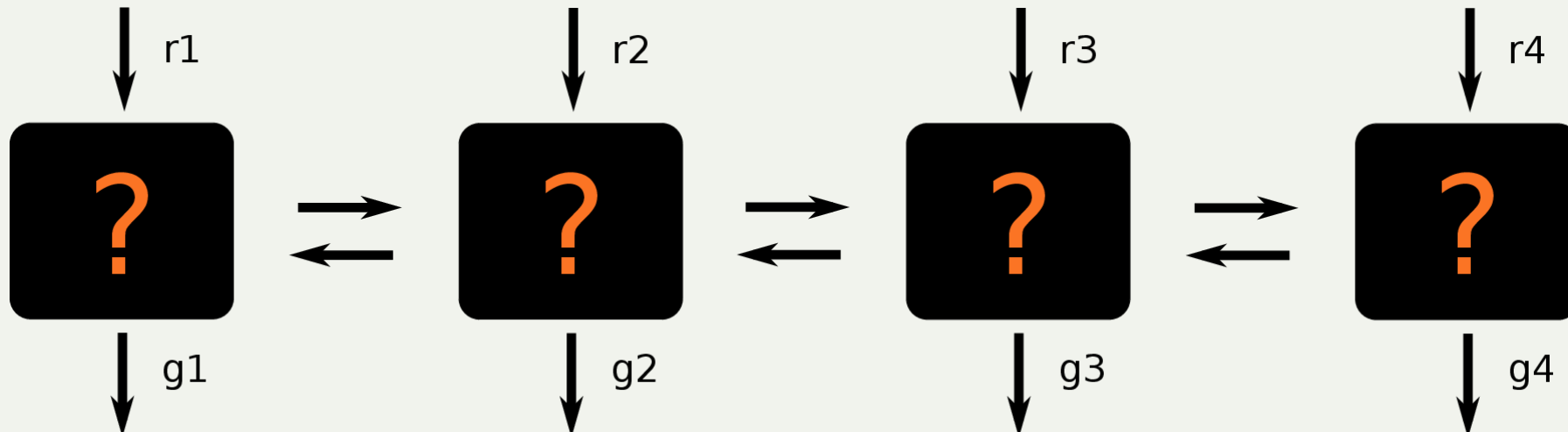
Example: Simple Distributed Arbiter

Distributed arbiter with specification

Request-response: $\forall i: \mathbf{G}(r_i \rightarrow \mathbf{F}g_i)$

Mutual exclusion: $\forall i \neq j: \mathbf{G}\neg(g_i \wedge g_j)$

What is a suitable class of parameterized systems?



Cutoff Results for Token Rings

Theorem [EN95]:

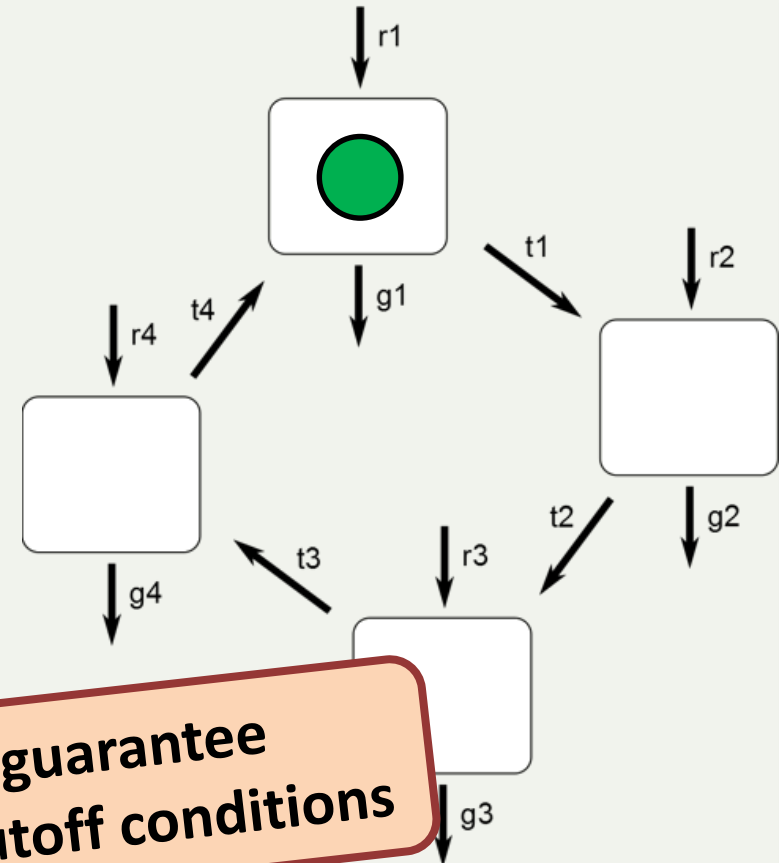
In **token rings** with interleaving semantics and fair token passing, a given process implementation satisfies a specification $\varphi \in \text{indexed CTL}^* \setminus X$ in all rings **iff it satisfies φ in rings of small size.**

For $\forall i. \varphi(i)$, cutoff is 2.

For $\forall i, j. \varphi(i, j)$, cutoff is 4.

Corollary: For **parameterized synthesis**, it is sufficient to synthesize a process implementation satisfying φ (and Thm. conditions) in a small ring.

Need to guarantee additional cutoff conditions



Parameterized Synthesis based on Cutoff Results

Distributed arbiter in token ring
of 4 processes with specification

Request-response: $\forall i: \mathbf{G}(r_i \rightarrow \mathbf{F}g_i)$

Mutual exclusion: $\forall i \neq j: \mathbf{G}\neg(g_i \wedge g_j)$

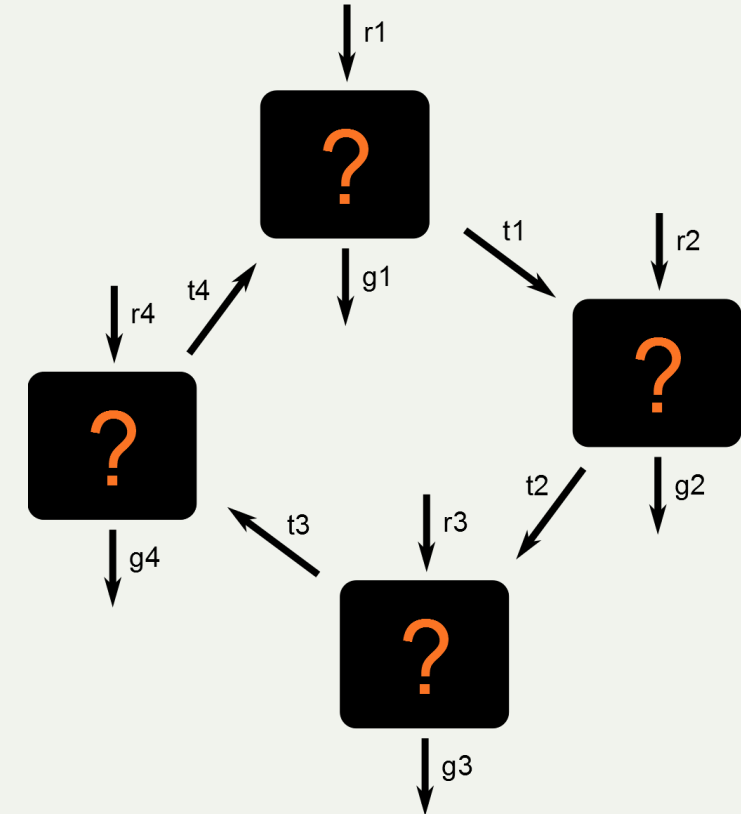
synthesized in ~ 10 sec.

Cutoff results **guarantee correctness**

in rings of arbitrary size.

Challenges:

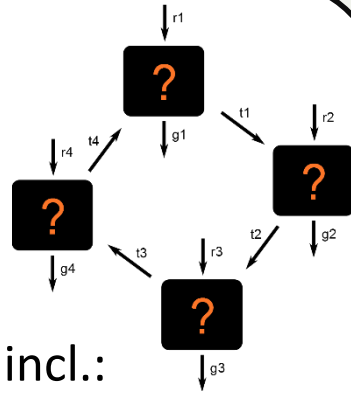
- **Scalability** (in size of specification)
- Reduction only possible for **limited class of systems and specifications**



Parameterized Synthesis of an AMBA Bus Controller

Reduction:

Existing cutoffs for $CTL^* \setminus X$
in token-rings
(interleaving semantics)



Extended in several dimensions, incl.:

- synchronous systems [SYNT14]
- local X operator [VMCAI13]
- global assumptions [VMCAI14,SYNT14]

Bounded Synthesis:

Existing approach for fixed-size systems

Adapted to token-rings [TACAS12]

Optimized (for token-rings) [VMCAI13,SYNT14]

Assumptions :

$G \quad (HMASTLOCK \wedge HBURST = INCR) \rightarrow XF \neg HBUSREQ[HMASTER]$ (A1)

$GF \quad HREADY$ (A2)

$\forall i : G \quad HLOCK[i] \rightarrow HBUSREQ[i]$ (A3)

$\forall i : \neg HBUSREQ[i] \wedge \neg HLOCK[i] \wedge \neg HREADY$ (A4)

Guarantees :

$G \quad \neg HREADY \rightarrow X \neg START$ (G1)

$G \quad (HMASTLOCK \wedge HBURST = INCR \wedge START) \rightarrow X(\neg START W (\neg START \wedge HBUSREQ[HMASTER]))$ (G2)

$G \quad (HMASTLOCK \wedge HBURST = BURST4 \wedge START \wedge HREADY) \rightarrow X(\neg START W [3](\neg START \wedge HREADY))$ (G3.1)

$G \quad (HMASTLOCK \wedge HBURST = BURST4 \wedge START \wedge \neg HREADY) \rightarrow X(\neg START W [4](\neg START \wedge HREADY))$ (G3.2)

$\forall i : G \quad HREADY \rightarrow (HGRANT[i] \leftrightarrow X(HMASTER = i))$ (G4)

$G \quad HREADY \wedge (HLOCK \wedge X(HMASTLOCK))$ (G5)

We synthesized a solution for the AMBA Bus Controller with parameterized correctness guarantee

$G \quad (DECIDE \wedge (\forall i : \neg HBUSREQ[i]) \rightarrow X HGRANT[0])$ (G10.2)

$HGRANT[0] \wedge (\forall i \neq 0 : \neg HGRANT[i]) \wedge HMASTER = 0 \wedge \neg HMASTLOCK \wedge DECIDE \wedge START$ (G11)

Figure 1: Formal specification of the AMBA AHB [12], in the GR(1) fragment of LTL.

CUTOFF RESULTS FOR VERIFICATION AND SYNTHESIS

Decidability Results for Parameterized Verification

Existing decidability and undecidability results:

- Many separate results
- Many **different system models**, sometimes with **implicit assumptions**



Hard to get an overview

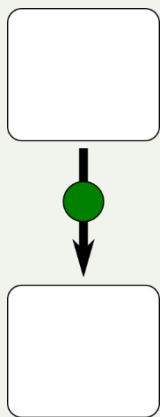
Goal: collect, compare and unify
decidability results in parameterized verification
(for systems with uniform finite-state components)

Parameterized Verification Survey

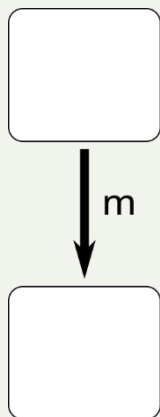
We

- systematically compared existing **models and decidability results**,
- reviewed **proof methods** to obtain them, and
- introduced **common computational model** that captures existing models of systems communicating via different forms of synchronization:

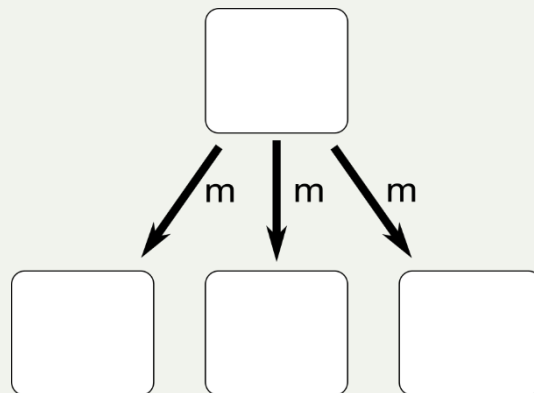
token-
passing



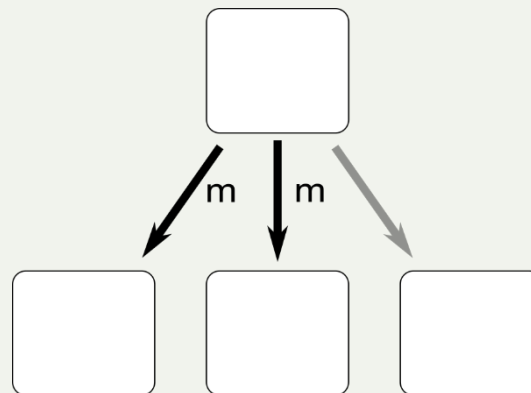
pairwise
rendezvous



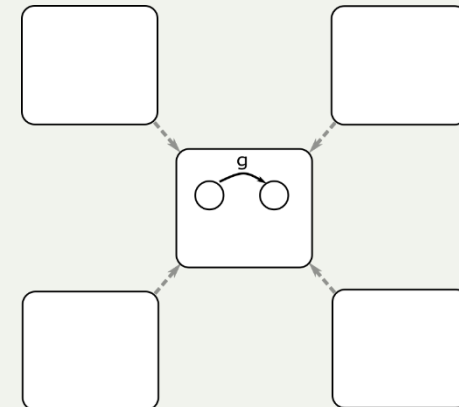
broadcasts



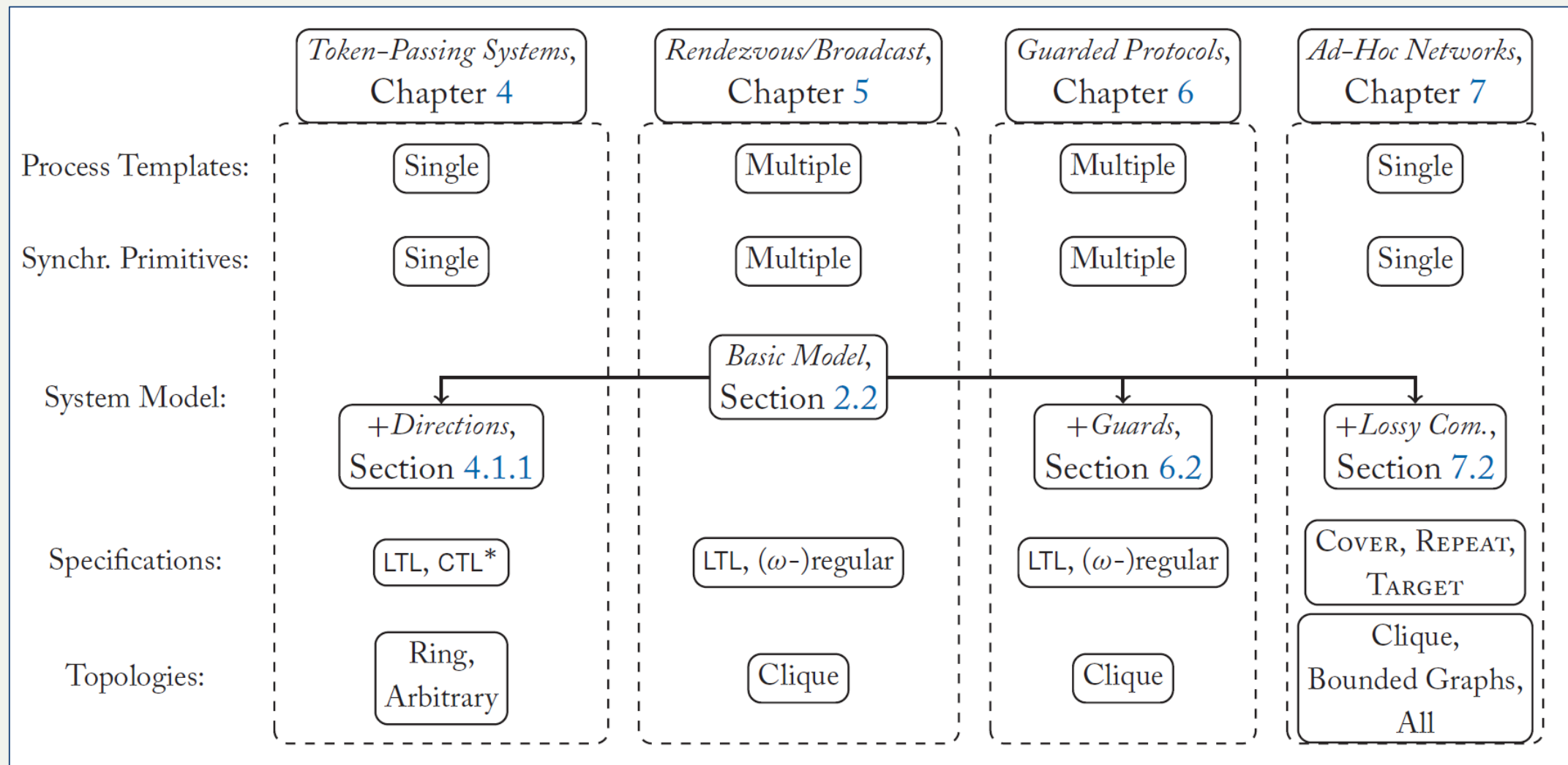
lossy
synchronization



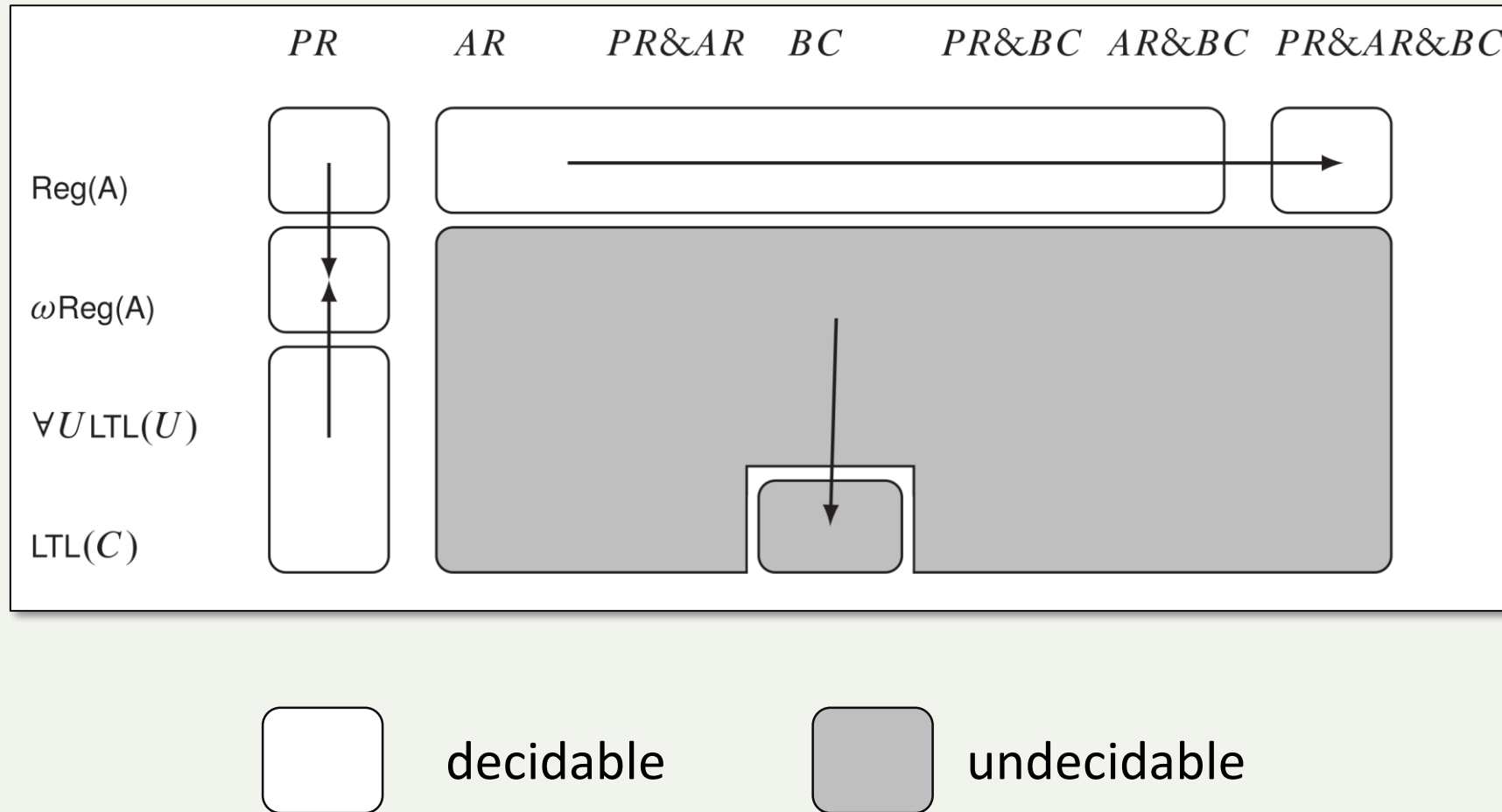
guarded
transitions



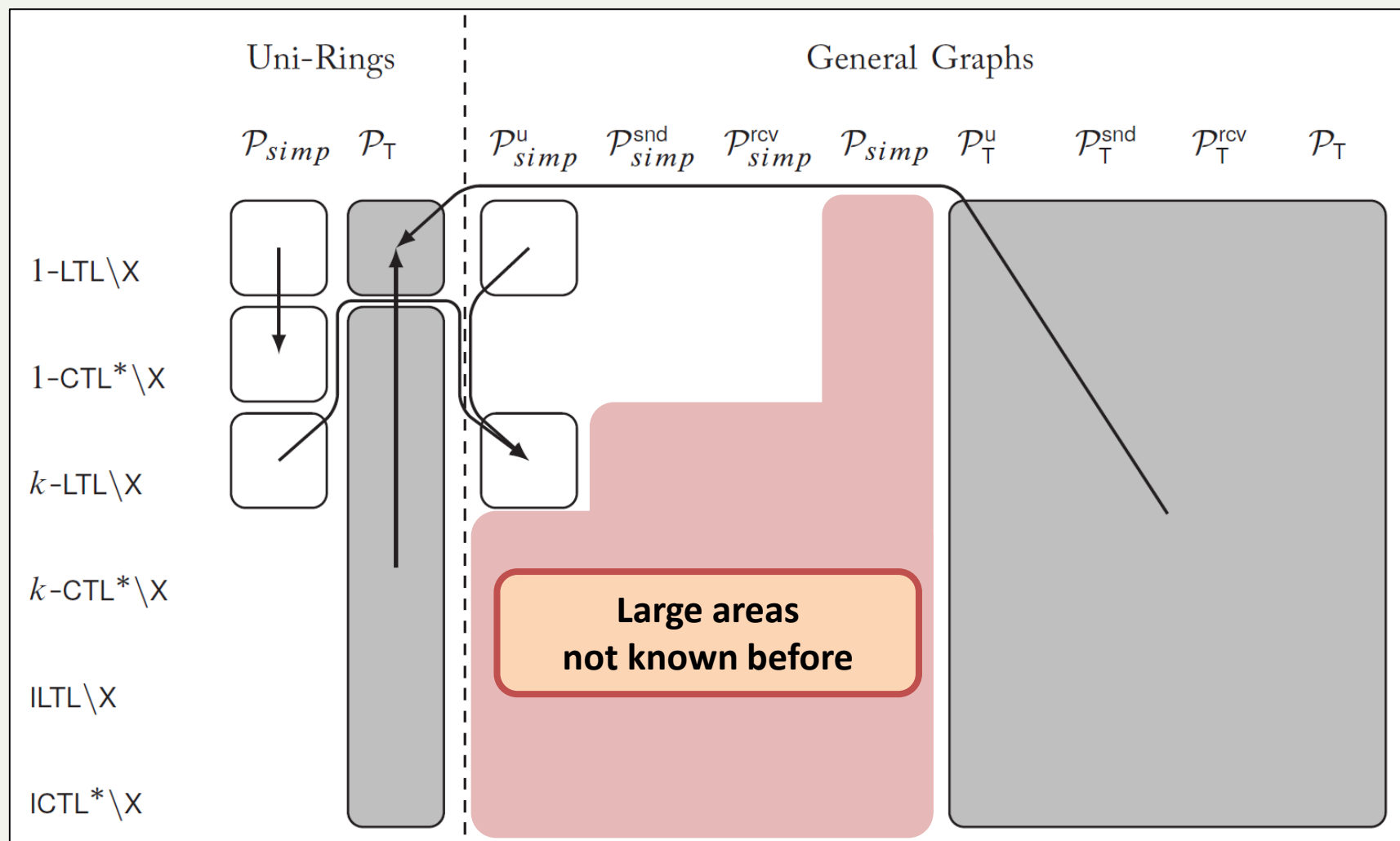
Parameterized Verification Survey



Decidability Results for Rendezvous and Broadcast



Decidability Results for Token-Passing Systems



(Parameterized) Token-Passing Systems

Consider general token-passing systems with

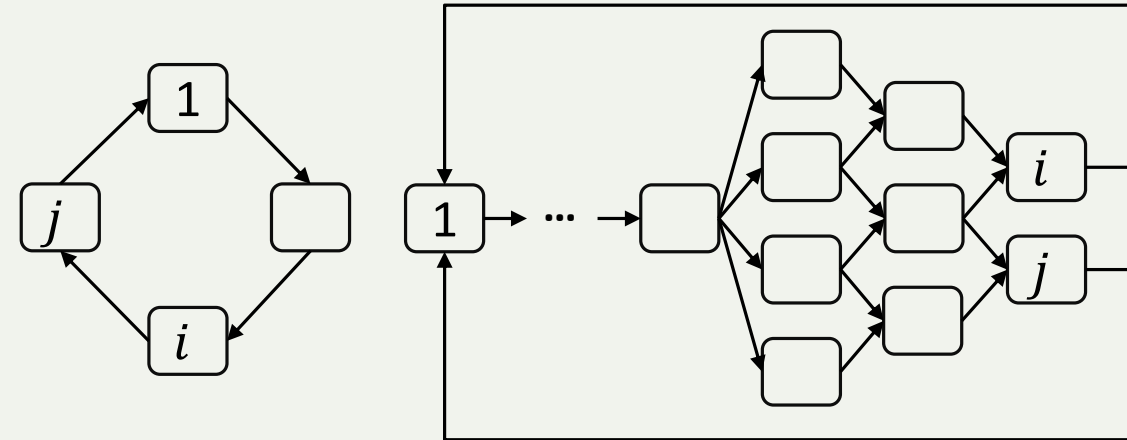
- **arbitrary topologies**
- **branching-time specifications, i.e.,** fragments of indexed CTL*

Observation: existing cutoff results are **limited**

- either to **non-branching topology** (token rings) or to **non-branching specifications** (fragments of LTL)
- to processes that **do not control or observe different directions** in branching topologies

New Results:

- **undecidable** if **processes control directions** or **specifications can branch unboundedly**
- **cutoffs** exist for **arbitrary topologies** and **specifications with bounded branching**



Insight: effect of token communication is captured by its movement through the network

Additional Results

Cutoffs for Guarded Protocols:

- added support for **fairness assumptions** [VMCAI16]
- showed how to obtain **smaller cutoffs** depending on additional parameters [VMCAI18]

Synthesis of Fault-Tolerant Parameterized Systems:

- **Self-stabilization** (against transient, global faults) [CAV16, OPODIS18]
- **Byzantine fault-tolerance** (against permanent, local faults) [CAV16]

Recent Related Work

- **Lots** of new contributions to parameterized verification literature
- On the border to adjacent fields:
 - „computational algorithm design“ [D+16]
 - verification of multi-agent systems [KL16]
 - parameterized planning [GMRS16]
 - synthesis of distributed algorithms [LKW17]
- Synthesis with identifiers [ESKG14]
- Synthesis of self-stabilizing rings [EK17]
- Control of parameterized systems [BLS18]

SUMMARY

Parameterized Verification and Synthesis

I. **(Parameterized) Verification and Synthesis: State of the Art**

Parameterized verification is important and difficult, lots of different approaches
Parameterized synthesis has rarely been considered

II. **Parameterized Synthesis based on Cutoffs**

First general approach for parameterized synthesis
Scales to long-standing industrial benchmark

III. **Cutoff Results for Verification and Synthesis**

Surveyed existing decidability & cutoff results
Generalized these results to close gaps and make them useful in synthesis

Thank You!

Publications Constituting this Thesis

- [1] Roderick Bloem, Swen Jacobs, Ayrat Khalimov, Igor Konnov, Sasha Rubin, Helmut Veith, and Josef Widder. Decidability of Parameterized Verification. Synthesis Lectures on Distributed Computing Theory. Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2015.
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