

Exercise 11.1 - S2S

(1+3+1)

Give S2S formulas defining the following tree languages over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$:

- The language of trees containing an a -labeled vertex whose left subtree contains a b -labeled vertex and whose right sub-tree contains a c -labeled vertex.
- The language of trees t satisfying $t_{|0^\omega} \in (aa)^*b^\omega$.
- The language of trees containing at least one a -labeled vertex and at least one b -labeled vertex.

Exercise 11.2 - Syntactic Sugar

(2+4)

Show that ε and \preceq are syntactic sugar.

- Give a formula $\varphi_\varepsilon(x)$ not containing ε with one free first-order variable x and no free second-order variable such that $t, \mu \models \varphi_\varepsilon$ if and only if $\mu(x) = \varepsilon$.
- Give a formula $\varphi_\preceq(x, y)$ not containing \preceq with two free first-order variables x and y and no free second-order variable such that $t, \mu \models \varphi_\preceq$ if and only if $\mu(x)$ is a prefix of $\mu(y)$.

Exercise 11.3 - Subset & Connectedness

(2+2)

Show that the subset-relation and “being connected“ is expressible in S2S.

- Give a formula $\varphi_\subseteq(X, Y)$ with two free second-order variables X and Y and no free first-order variable such that $t, \mu \models \varphi_\subseteq$ if and only if $\mu(X) \subseteq \mu(Y)$.
- Give a formula $\varphi_c(X)$ with one free second-order variable X and no free first-order variable such that $t, \mu \models \varphi_c$ if and only if $\mu(X)$ is connected, i.e., if w and w' are in $\mu(X)$ and w' is a descendant of w , then all vertices on the path between w and w' are in $\mu(X)$, as well.

Exercise 11.4 - Challenge

(2 Bonus Points)

Give an S2S formula defining the tree language over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$ containing exactly the trees having only finitely many a -labeled vertices. Argue informally why your solution is correct.