

Sortieren

► Sortieren durch Einfügen (lineare Rekursion)

```
fun insert (x,nil) = [x]
  | insert (x,y::yr) = if x<=y
                       then x::y::yr else y::insert(x,yr);
fun isort xs = foldl insert nil xs
```

► Sortieren durch Mischen (Baumrekursion)

```
fun merge (nil, ys) = ys
  | merge (xs, nil) = xs
  | merge (x::xr, y::yr) = if x<=y
                           then x::merge(xr, y::yr)
                           else y::merge(x::xr, yr)
fun msort [] = []
  | msort [x] = [x]
  | msort xs = let val (ys,zs) = split(xs)
                in merge (msort ys, msort zs) end
```

Ordnungen

- ▶ Typ `order`, 3 Werte: `LESS`, `EQUAL`, `GREATER`

- ▶ Vergleichsprozeden:

```
Int.compare: int * int -> order
```

```
Real.compare: real*real -> order
```

```
String.compare: string*string -> order
```

- ▶ **Polymorphes sortieren:**

```
fun pisort compare =
```

```
let
```

```
    fun insert (x,nil) = [x]
```

```
      | insert(x,y::yr) = case compare(x,y) of
```

```
        GREATER => y::insert(x,yr)
```

```
        _ => x::y::yr
```

```
in foldl insert nil
```