

Statische und dynamische Semantik

► Statische Semantik

Typumgebungen: $T \in TE = Id \xrightarrow{fin} Ty$

Statische Semantik: $SS \subseteq TE \times Exp \times Ty$

Notation: $T \vdash e : t$

► Dynamische Semantik

Werteumgebungen: $V \in VE = Id \xrightarrow{fin} Val$

Dynamische Semantik: $DS \subseteq VE \times Exp \times Val$

Notation: $V \vdash e \triangleright \nu$

Elaborierung

```
type 'a env = id -> 'a
exception Unbound
fun empty x = raise Unbound of id
fun update env x a y = if y=x then a else env y
exception Error of string
```

```
fun elabCon True = Bool
  | elabCon False = Bool
  | elabCon (IC _) = Int

fun elab f (Con c) = elabCon c
  | elab f (Id x) = f x
  | ...
```

- ▶ **Strue** $\frac{}{T \vdash true : bool}$
- ▶ **Snum** $\frac{z \in \mathbb{Z}}{T \vdash z : int}$
- ▶ **Sid** $\frac{T_x = t}{T \vdash x : t}$

Elaborierung

```
fun elabOpr Add Int Int = Int
  | elabOpr Sub Int Int = Int
  | elabOpr Mul Int Int = Int
  | elabOpr Leq Int Int = Bool
  | elabOpr _ _ _ = raise Error "T Opr"
```

```
fun elab f (Con c) = elabCon c
  | elab f (Id x) = f x
  | elab f (Opr(opr,e1,e2))
      = elabOpr opr (elab f e1) (elab f e2)
  | ...
```

► **Soai**
$$\frac{o \in \{+, -, *\} \quad T \vdash e_1 : int \quad T \vdash e_2 : int}{T \vdash e_1 \ o \ e_2 : int}$$

► **Soab**
$$\frac{T \vdash e_1 : int \quad T \vdash e_2 : int}{T \vdash e_1 \leq e_2 : bool}$$

Elaborierung

```
| elab f (If(e1,e2,e3)) =  
  (case (elab f e1, elab f e2, elab f e3) of  
    (Bool, t2, t3) => if t2=t3 then t2  
      else raise Error "T If1"  
    | _ => raise Error "T If2")  
| elab f (Abs(x,t,e)) = Arrow(t, elab(update f x t) e)  
| elab f (App(e1,e2)) =  
  (case elab f e1 of  
    Arrow(t,t') => if t=elab f e2 then t'  
      else raise Error "T App1"  
    | _ => raise Error "T App2")
```

$$\blacktriangleright \text{Sif} \frac{T \vdash e_1 : \text{bool} \quad T \vdash e_2 : t \quad T \vdash e_3 : t}{T \vdash \text{if } e_1 \text{ then } e_2 \text{ else } e_3 : t}$$

$$\blacktriangleright \text{Sabs} \frac{T[x := t] \vdash e_1 : t'}{T \vdash \text{fn } x : t \Rightarrow e : t \rightarrow t'}$$

$$\blacktriangleright \text{Sapp} \frac{T \vdash e_1 : t \rightarrow t' \quad T \vdash e_2 : t}{T \vdash e_1 e_2 : t'}$$

Statische Semantik

- ▶ **Sfalse** $\frac{}{T \vdash \text{false} : \text{bool}}$
- ▶ **Snum** $\frac{z \in \mathbb{Z}}{T \vdash z : \text{int}}$
- ▶ **Strue** $\frac{}{T \vdash \text{true} : \text{bool}}$
- ▶ **Sid** $\frac{Tx = t}{T \vdash x : t}$
- ▶ **Soai** $\frac{o \in \{+, -, *\} \quad T \vdash e_1 : \text{int} \quad T \vdash e_2 : \text{int}}{T \vdash e_1 \ o \ e_2 : \text{int}}$
- ▶ **Soab** $\frac{T \vdash e_1 : \text{int} \quad T \vdash e_2 : \text{int}}{T \vdash e_1 \leq e_2 : \text{bool}}$
- ▶ **Sif** $\frac{T \vdash e_1 : \text{bool} \quad T \vdash e_2 : t \quad T \vdash e_3 : t}{T \vdash \text{if } e_1 \text{ then } e_2 \text{ else } e_3 : t}$
- ▶ **Sabs** $\frac{T[x := t] \vdash e_1 : t'}{T \vdash \text{fn } x : t \Rightarrow e : t \rightarrow t'}$
- ▶ **Sapp** $\frac{T \vdash e_1 : t \rightarrow t' \quad T \vdash e_2 : t}{T \vdash e_1 e_2 : t'}$

$f[x := y] := f + \{(x, y)\}$

Dynamische Semantik

- ▶ **Dfalse** $\frac{}{V \vdash \text{false} \triangleright 0}$
- ▶ **Dtrue** $\frac{}{V \vdash \text{true} \triangleright 1}$
- ▶ **D+** $\frac{V \vdash e_1 \triangleright \nu_1 \quad V \vdash e_2 \triangleright \nu_2 \quad \nu = \nu_1 + \nu_2}{V \vdash e_1 + e_2 \triangleright \nu}$
- ▶ **D-**, **D***, **D \leq** analog
- ▶ **Diftrue** $\frac{V \vdash e_1 \triangleright 1 \quad V \vdash e_2 \triangleright \nu}{V \vdash \text{if } e_1 \text{ then } e_2 \text{ else } e_3 \triangleright \nu}$
- ▶ **Diffalse** analog
- ▶ **Dabs** $\frac{}{V \vdash \text{fn } x : t \Rightarrow e \triangleright \langle x, e, V \rangle}$
- ▶ **Dapp** $\frac{V \vdash e_1 \triangleright \langle x, e, V' \rangle \quad V \vdash e_2 : \nu_2 \quad V'[x := \nu_2] \vdash e \triangleright \nu}{V \vdash e_1 e_2 \triangleright \nu}$

Eigenschaften

► **Determinismus:**

Statische Semantik: Sei $T \vdash e : t$ und $T \vdash e : t'$. Dann $t = t'$.

Dynamische Semantik: Sei $V \vdash e \triangleright \nu$ und $V \vdash e \triangleright \nu'$. Dann $\nu = \nu'$.

► **Auswertbarkeit:** Sei $\emptyset \vdash e : t$.

Dann existiert genau ein Wert ν mit $\emptyset \vdash e \triangleright \nu$.

► **Typkorrektheit:**

1. Sei $\emptyset \vdash e : int$ und $\emptyset \vdash e \triangleright \nu$. Dann $\nu \in \mathbb{Z}$.
2. Sei $\emptyset \vdash e : bool$ und $\emptyset \vdash e \triangleright \nu$. Dann $\nu \in \{0, 1\}$.

Evaluierung

```
datatype value =
```

```
  IV of int
```

```
  | Proc of id * exp * value env
```

```
eval: value env -> exp -> value
```

```
fun evalCon True = IV 1
```

```
  | evalCon False = IV 0
```

```
  | evalCon (IC x) = IV x
```

```
fun evalOpr Add (IV x1) (IV x2) = IV(x1+x2)
```

```
  | evalOpr Sub (IV x1) (IV x2) = IV(x1-x2)
```

```
  | evalOpr Mul (IV x1) (IV x2) = IV(x1*x2)
```

```
  | evalOpr Leq (IV x1) (IV x2) = IV(if x1<=x2 then 1 else 0)
```

```
  | evalOpr _ _ _ = raise Error "R Opr"
```

```
fun eval f (Con c) = evalCon c
```

```
  | eval f (Id x) = f x
```

```
  | eval f (Opr(opr,e1,e2)) = evalOpr opr (eval f e1) (eval f e2)
```


Evaluierung

```
| eval f (If(e1,e2,e3)) =  
  (case eval f e1 of  
    IV 1 => eval f e2  
    | IV 0 => eval f e3  
    | _ => raise Error "R If")  
| eval f (Abs(x,t,e)) = Proc(x,e,f)  
| eval f (App(e1,e2)) =  
  (case (eval f e1, eval f e2) of  
    (Proc(x,e,f'),v) => eval (update f' x v) e  
    | _ => raise Error "R App")
```